

*Madame Blavatsky refutes  
arguments against Theosophy*



# Spirit is abstract light, uncreated, latent in every atom, in whose profound and sacred repose all motion must cease.

## *Abstract and train of thoughts*

### **Madame Blavatsky's first letter to "The Spiritualist."**

The arguments against Theosophy are like a verdant moss, which displays a velvety carpet of green, without roots, and with a deep bog below. 4

The "Scrutator" is sort of literary chiffonier, probing in the dust-heap of the language for bits of hard adjectives to fling at us. 5

### **Abuse, pure and simple, is the only weapon of partisans.**

When a man has lived in crime, his astral cadaver which holds him prisoner, seeks again the objects of his passions and desires to resume its earthly life. It torments the dreams of young girls, bathes in the vapour of spilt blood, and wallows about the places where the pleasures of his life flitted by. 7

The term elementary applies not only to one principle or constituent part, i.e., an elementary primary substance, but also embodies the idea which we express by the term elemental — that which pertains to the four elements of the material world. Elementaries are earth-bound incarnated thoughts of evil men who have passed away. 8

In the grain of sand, as in each atom of the human body, spirit is latent, not active. Yet, the atom is vitalized and energized by spirit, without being endowed with distinct consciousness. 8

Spirit and matter co-existent, inseparable, interdependent, and convertible to each other. But European tongues are too materialistic to make room for such metaphysical ideas. A copious vocabulary, indeed, that has but one term for God and for alcohol! In Sanskrit, for instance, there are twenty words or more to render one idea in its various shades of meaning. 9

### **Christendom, with its boasted civilization, has outgrown the fetishism of the Fijians.**

The anthropomorphic ideas of Spiritualists concerning spirit are a direct consequence of the anthropomorphic conceptions of Christians as to their Deity. 10

### **Spirit is abstract light, uncreated, latent in every atom, in whose profound and sacred repose all motion must cease for ever.**

Spirit is a ray, a fraction of the Whole; and the Whole being Omniscient and Infinite, its fraction must partake, in degree, of the same abstract attributes. 11

**A stone becomes a plant, a plant an animal, an animal a man, and man a spirit.**

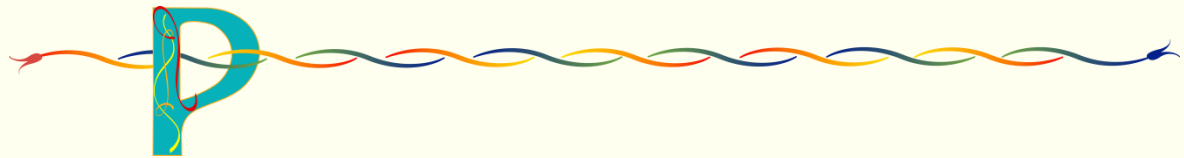
The critics of Theosophy refuse to comprehend the philosophical doctrine that every atom is imbued with Divine Light. It is only when this atom, magnetically drawn to its fellow atoms, that is transformed at last, after endless cycles of evolution, into Man — the crown of intellectual and physical evolution on earth. 11

**Madame Blavatsky's second letter to "The Spiritualist."**

**Suggested reading for students.**

From our Theosophy and Theosophists Series. 15

Atomon or Atmeton, are the Greek words for Indivisible. 19



## Madame Blavatsky's first letter to "The Spiritualist."

**The arguments against Theosophy are like a verdant moss, which displays a velvety carpet of green, without roots, and with a deep bog below.**

First published in: *The Spiritualist*, London, March 22<sup>nd</sup>, 1878, pp. 140-41.<sup>1</sup> Republished in: *Blavatsky Collected Writings*, (MADAME BLAVATSKY ON INDIAN METAPHYSICS) I pp. 325-37. This is an epistolary skirmish between H.P. Blavatsky and a Spiritualist, who prudently concealed his face behind two masks: "Scrutator" and "M.A. (Cantab.)" Cf. Madame Blavatsky's second letter to *The Spiritualist* at the end of this article.

Sir,

**T**WO PEAS IN THE SAME POD are the traditional symbol of mutual resemblance, and the time-honoured simile forced itself upon me when I read the twin letters of our two masked assailants in your paper of February 22<sup>nd</sup>. In substance they are so identical that one would suppose the same person had written them simultaneously with his two hands, as Paul Morphy<sup>2</sup> will play you two games of chess, or Kossuth<sup>3</sup> dictate two letters at once. The only difference between these two letters — lying beside each other on the same page, like two babes in one crib — is, that "M.A. (Cantab.)'s" is brief and courteous, while "Scrutator's" is prolix and uncivil.

By a strange coincidence both these sharp-shooters fire from behind their secure ramparts a shot at a certain "learned occultist" over the head of Mr. C.C. Massey, who quoted some of that personage's views, in a letter published May 10<sup>th</sup>, 1876. Whether in irony or otherwise, they hurl [326] the views of this "learned occultist" at the heads of Colonel Olcott and myself, as though they were missiles that would floor us completely. Now, the "learned occultist" in question is not a whit more, or less, learned than your humble servant, for the very simple reason that we are identical. The extracts published by Mr. Massey, by permission, were contained in a letter from myself to him. Moreover, it is now before me, and, save one misprint of no consequence, I do not find in it a word that I would wish changed. What is said there I repeat now over my own signature — the theories of 1876 do not contradict those of 1878 in any respect, as I shall endeavour to prove, after pointing out to the impartial reader the quaking ground upon which our two critics stand. Their arguments against Theosophy — certainly "Scrutator's" — are like a verdant moss, which displays a velvety carpet of green, without roots, and with a deep bog below.

When a person enters a controversy over a fictitious signature, he should be doubly cautious, if he would avoid the accusation of abusing the opportunity of the mask to insult his opponents with impunity. Who or what is "Scrutator"? A clergyman, a medium, a lawyer, a philosopher, a physician (certainly not a metaphysician), or what? *Quien sabe?*<sup>4</sup> He seems to partake of the flavour of all, and yet to grace neither.

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<sup>1</sup> [Square brackets in the body of this article are H.P. Blavatsky's own. — *Boris de Zirkoff*.]

<sup>2</sup> [Paul Charles Morphy, 1837-1884, American chess player and the greatest chess master of his era.]

<sup>3</sup> [Louis Kossuth, 1802-1894, Hungarian nobleman, lawyer, journalist, politician, statesman and Governor-President of the Kingdom of Hungary during the revolution of 1848-49.]

<sup>4</sup> [Who knows?]

Though his arguments are all interwoven with sentences quoted from our letters, yet in no case does he criticize merely what is written by us, but what he thinks we *may* have meant, or what the sentences *might* imply. Drawing his deductions, then, from what existed only in the depths of his own consciousness, he invents phrases, and forces constructions upon which he proceeds to pour out his wrath. Without meaning to be in the least personal — for, though propagating “absurdities” with “utmost effrontery,” I would feel sorry and ashamed to be as impertinent with “Scrutator” as he is with us — yet, hereafter, when I see a dog chasing the shadow of his own tail, I will think of his letter.

**The “Scrutator” is sort of literary chiffonier, probing in the dust-heap of the language for bits of hard adjectives to fling at us.**

In my doubts as to what this assailant might be, I invoked the help of Webster to give me a possible clue in the [227] pseudonym. “Scrutator,” says the great lexicographer, “is one who scrutinizes,” and “scrutiny” he derives from the Latin *scrutari*, “to search even to the rags”; which *scrutari* itself he traces back to a Greek root,<sup>1</sup> meaning “trash, trumpery.” In this ultimate analysis, therefore, we must regard the *nom de plume*, while very applicable to his letter of February 22<sup>nd</sup>, very unfortunate for himself; for at best it makes him a sort of literary *chiffonier*, probing in the dust-heap of the language for bits of hard adjectives to fling at us. I repeat that, when an anonymous critic accuses two persons of “slandorous imputations” (the mere reflex of his own imagination), and of “unfathomable absurdities,” he ought, at least, to make sure:

- That he has thoroughly grasped what he is pleased to call the “teachings” of his adversaries; and
- That his own philosophy is infallible.

I may add, furthermore, that when that critic permits himself to call the views of other people — not yet half-digested by himself — “unfathomable absurdities,” he ought to be mighty careful about introducing as arguments into the discussion sectarian absurdities far more “unfathomable” and which have nothing to do with either science or philosophy.

I suppose [gravely argues “Scrutator”] a babe’s brain is soft, and a quite unfit tool for intelligence, otherwise Jesus could not have lost His intelligence when He took upon Himself the body and the brain of a babe. [!?!]

The very opposite of Oliver Johnson<sup>2</sup> evidently, this Jesus-babe of “Scrutator’s.”

Such an argument might come with a certain force in a discussion between two conflicting dogmatic sects, but if picked “even to rags,” it seems but “utmost effrontery” — to use “Scrutator’s” own complimentary expression — to employ it in a philosophi-

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<sup>1</sup> [σκαλλω]

<sup>2</sup> [American Abolitionist and Reformer, 1809–1889. He was educated at the Peacham Academy in Vermont, and received further tutoring in religious studies from his father. One of his five siblings, Leonard Johnson, went on to support the abolitionist movement by his home as a way station for the Underground Railroad. Oliver Johnson’s adult life saw a joining of his political passion with his Quaker beliefs, and he became involved in a number of social reformation movements, including abolition, women’s suffrage, and others. Johnson eventually became the aide and follower of William Lloyd Garrison.]

cal debate, as if it were either a scientific or historically proved fact! If I refused, at the very start, to argue with our friend “M.A. (Oxon.),” a man whom I esteem and respect as I do few in this world, only because he put forward a “cardinal dogma,” I shall certainly lose no time in debating Theosophy with a tattering Christian, [328] whose “scrutinizing” faculties have not helped him beyond the acceptance of the latest of the world’s *Avatāras*, in all its unphilosophical dead letter meaning, without even suspecting its symbolical significance. To parade in a would-be philosophical debate the exploded dogmas of any church, is most ineffectual, and shows, at best, a great poverty of resource. Why does not “Scrutator” address his refined abuse, *ex cathedra*, to the Royal Society, whose Fellows doom to annihilation every human being, Theosophist or Spiritualist, pure or impure?

## **Abuse, pure and simple, is the only weapon of partisans.**

With crushing irony he speaks of us as “our teachers.” Now, I remember having distinctly stated in a previous letter that we have *not* offered ourselves as teachers, but, on the contrary, decline any such office — whatever may be the superlative panegyric of my esteemed friend, Mr. O’Sullivan, who not only sees in me “a Buddhist priestess” (!), but, without a shadow of warrant of fact, credits me with the foundation of the Theosophical Society and its Branches! Had Colonel Olcott been half as “psychologised” by me as a certain American Spiritualist paper will have it, he would have followed my advice and refused to make public our “views,” even though so much and so often importuned in different quarters. With characteristic stubbornness, however, he had his own way, and now reaps the consequence of having thrown his bomb into a hornet’s nest. Instead of being afforded opportunity for a calm debate, we get but abuse, pure and simple — the only weapon of partisans. Well, let us make the best of it, and join our opponents in picking the question “to rags.” Mr. C.C. Massey comes in for his share, too, and, though fit to be a leader himself, is given by “Scrutator” a chief!

Neither of our critics seems to understand our views (or his own) so little as “Scrutator.” He misapprehends the meaning of Elementary, and makes a sad mess of spirit and matter. Hear him say that elementary

. . . is a new-fangled and ill-defined term . . . not yet two years old!

This sentence alone proves that he forces himself into the [329] discussion, without any comprehension of the subject at issue. Evidently, he has neither read the mediæval nor modern Kabbalists. Henry Khunrath is as unfamiliar to him as the Abbé Constant. Let him go to the British Museum, and ask for the *Amphitheatrum Sapientiæ Æternæ* of Khunrath. He will find in it illustrative engravings of the four great classes of elementary spirits, as seen during an evocation of ceremonial magic by the Magus who lifts the *Veil of Isis*. The author explains that these are disembodied vicious men, who have parted with their divine spirits, and become as beasts.



**When a man has lived in crime, his astral cadaver which holds him prisoner, seeks again the objects of his passions and desires to resume its earthly life. It torments the dreams of young girls, bathes in the vapour of spilt blood, and wallows about the places where the pleasures of his life flitted by.**

After reading this volume, “Scrutator” may profitably consult Éliphas Lévi, whom he will find using *the words* “Elementary Spirits” throughout his *Dogme et Rituel de la Haute Magie*, in both senses in which we have employed it. This is especially the case where he speaks of the evocation of Apollonius of Tyana by himself. Quoting from the greatest Kabbalistic authorities, he says:

When a man has lived well, the astral cadaver evaporates like a pure incense, as it mounts towards the higher regions; but if a man has lived in crime, his astral cadaver, which holds him prisoner, seeks again the objects of his passions and desires to resume its earthly life. It torments the dreams of young girls, bathes in the vapour of spilt blood, and wallows about the places where the pleasures of his life flitted by; it watches without ceasing over the treasures which it possessed and buried: it wastes itself in painful efforts to make for itself material organs [materialize itself] and live again. But the stars attract and absorb it; its memory is gradually lost, its intelligence weakens, all its being dissolves . . . The unhappy wretch loses thus in succession all the organs which served its sinful appetites. Then it [this astral body, this “soul,” this all that is left of the once living man] dies a second time and for ever, for it then loses its personality and its memory. Souls which are destined to live, but which are not yet entirely purified, remain for a longer or shorter time captive in the astral cadaver, where they are refined by the odic light, which seeks to assimilate them to itself and dissolve. It is to rid themselves of this cadaver that suffering souls sometimes enter the bodies of living persons, and remain there for a time in a state which the Kabbalists call embryonic [*embryonat*]. These are the aerial phantoms evoked by necromancy [and I may add, the “materialized Spirits” evoked by the unconscious necromancy of incautious mediums, in cases where the forms are not transformations of their own doubles]; [330] these are larvæ, substances dead or dying with which one places himself *en rapport*.<sup>1</sup>

Further Lévi says:

The astral light is saturated with elementary souls . . . Yes, yes, these spirits of the elements do exist. Some wandering in their spheres, others trying to incarnate themselves, others, again, already incarnated and living on earth; these are vicious and imperfect men.<sup>2</sup>

And in the face of this testimony (which he can find in the British Museum, two steps from the office of *The Spiritualist!*) that since the Middle Ages the Kabbalists have been writing about Elementaries, and their potential annihilation, “Scrutator” permits himself to arraign Theosophists for their “effrontery” in foisting upon Spiritualists a “new-fangled and ill-defined term” which is “not yet two years old”!!

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<sup>1</sup> Vol. I, p. 262 *et seq.*

<sup>2</sup> *op. cit.*, p. 164

**The term elementary applies not only to one principle or constituent part, i.e., an elementary primary substance, but also embodies the idea which we express by the term elemental — that which pertains to the four elements of the material world.<sup>1</sup> Elementaries are earth-bound incarnated thoughts of evil men who have passed away.<sup>2</sup>**

In truth, we may say that the idea is older than Christianity, for it is found in the ancient Kabbalistic books of the Jews. In the olden time they defined three kinds of “souls” — the daughters of Adam, the daughters of the angels, and those of sin; and in the book of *The Revolution of the Souls* three kinds of “spirits” (as distinct from material bodies) are shown — the captive, the wandering and the free spirits. If “Scrutator” were acquainted with the literature of Kabbalism, he would know that the term elementary applies not only to one principle or constituent part, to an elementary primary substance, but also embodies the idea which we express by the term elemental — that which pertains to the four elements of the material world, the first principles or primary ingredients. The word “elemental,” as defined by Webster, was not current at the time of Khunrath, but the idea was perfectly understood. The distinction has been made, and the term adopted by Theosophists for the sake of avoiding confusion. The thanks we get are that we are charged with propounding, in 1878, a different theory of the “Elementaries” from that of 1876!

Does anything herein stated, either as from ourselves, or Khunrath, or Lévi, contradict the statement of the “learned occultist” that:

Each atom, no matter where found, is imbued with that vital [331] principle called spirit . . . Each grain of sand, equally with each minutest atom of the human body, has its inherent latent spark of the divine light?

**In the grain of sand, as in each atom of the human body, spirit is latent, not active. Yet, the atom is vitalized and energized by spirit, without being endowed with distinct consciousness.**

Not in the least. “M.A. (Cantab.)” asks:

How then, can a man *lose* this divine light, in part or in whole, as a rule before death, if each minutest atom of the human body has its inherent latent spark of the divine light?

Italicizing some words, as above, but omitting to emphasize the one important word of the sentence, *i.e.*, “latent,” which contains the key to the whole mystery. In the grain of sand, and each atom *of* the human material body, the spirit is *latent*, not active; hence, being but a correlation of the highest light, something concrete as compared with the purely abstract, the atom is vitalized and energized by spirit, without being endowed with distinct consciousness. A grain of sand, as every minutest atom, is certainly “imbued with that vital principle called spirit.” So is every atom of the human body, whether physical or astral, and thus every atom of both, following the law of evolution, whether of objective or semi-concrete astral matter, will have to remain eternal throughout the endless cycles, indestructible in their primary, elemen-

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<sup>1</sup> [Consult “Blavatsky on Elementals and Elementaries,” in our Blavatsky Speaks Series. — ED. PHIL.]

<sup>2</sup> [Cf. *Blavatsky Collected Writings*, (PRANKS OF “SPIRITS” AMONG LAYMEN) II, p. 510]



tary constituents. But will “M.A. (Cantab.)” for all that, call a grain of sand, or a human nail-paring, consciously immortal? Does he mean us to understand him as believing that a fractional part, as a fraction, has the same attributes, capabilities, and limitations as the whole? Does he say that because the atoms in a nail-paring are indestructible as atoms, therefore the body, of which the nail formed a part, is of necessity, as a conscious whole, indestructible and immortal?

Our opponents repeat the words Trinity, Body, Soul, Spirit — as they might say the cat, the house, and the Irishman inhabiting it — three perfectly dissimilar things. They do not see that, dissimilar as the three parts of the human trinity may seem, they are in truth but correlations of the one eternal essence — which is no essence; but unfortunately the English language is barren of adequate expression, and, though they do not see it, the house, the physical Irishman and the cat are, in their last analysis, one. I verily begin [332] to suspect that they imagine that spirit and matter are two, instead of one! Truly says Vishnu Bāwā Brahmachārin, in one of his essays in Marathi (1869), that:

The opinion of the Europeans that matter is “Padārtha” (an equivalent for the “pada,” or word “Abhāva,” *i.e.*, *Ahey*, composed of two letters, *Ahe*, meaning *is*, and “nahin,” *not*), whereas “Abhāva” is no “Padārtha,” is foolishly erroneous!

Kant, Schopenhauer, and Hartmann seem to have written to little effect, and Kapila will be soon pronounced an antiquated ignoramus. Without at all ranging myself under Schopenhauer’s banner, who maintains that in reality there is neither spirit nor matter, yet I must say that if ever he were studied, Theosophy would be better understood.

**Spirit and matter co-existent, inseparable, interdependent, and convertible to each other. But European tongues are too materialistic to make room for such metaphysical ideas. A copious vocabulary, indeed, that has but one term for God and for alcohol! In Sanskrit, for instance, there are twenty words or more to render one idea in its various shades of meaning.**

But can one really discuss metaphysical ideas in an European language? I doubt it. We say “spirit,” and behold, what confusion it leads to! Europeans give the name spirit to that something which they conceive as apart from physical organization, independent of corporeal, objective existence; and they call spirit also the airy, vaporous essence, alcohol. Therefore, the New York reporter who defined a materialized Spirit as “frozen whiskey,” was right, in his way. A copious vocabulary, indeed, that has but one term for God and for alcohol! With all their libraries of metaphysics, European nations have not even gone to the trouble of inventing appropriate words to elucidate metaphysical ideas. If they had, perhaps one book in every thousand would have sufficed to really instruct the public, instead of there being the present confusion of words, obscuring intelligence, and utterly hampering the Orientalist, who would expound his philosophy in English. Whereas, in the latter language, I find but one word to express, perhaps, twenty different ideas, in the Eastern tongues, especially Sanskrit, there are twenty words or more to render one idea in its various shades of meaning.

## **Christendom, with its boasted civilization, has outgrown the fetishism of the Fijians.**

We are accused of propagating ideas that would surprise the “average” Buddhist. Granted, and I will liberally add that the average Brāhmanist might be equally astonished. We never said that we were either Buddhists or Brāhmanists [333] in the sense of their popular exoteric theologies. Buddha, sitting on his lotus, or Brahmā, with any number of teratological arms, appeal to us as little as the Catholic Madonna, or the Christian personal God, which stare at us from cathedral walls and ceilings. But neither Buddha nor Brahmā represent to their respective worshippers the same ideas as these Catholic icons, which we regard as blasphemous. In this particular, who dares say that Christendom, with its boasted civilization, has outgrown the fetishism of the Fijians? When we see Christians and Spiritualists speaking so flippantly and confidently about God and the materialization of “spirit,” we wish they might be made to share a little in the reverential ideas of the old Āryans.

We do not write for “average” Buddhists, or average people of any sort. But I am quite willing to match any tolerably educated Buddhist or Brāhman against the best metaphysicians of Europe, to compare views on God and on man’s immortality.

### **The anthropomorphic ideas of Spiritualists concerning spirit are a direct consequence of the anthropomorphic conceptions of Christians as to their Deity.**

The ultimate abstract definition of this — call it God, force, principle, as you will — will ever remain a mystery to Humanity, though it attain to its highest intellectual development. The anthropomorphic ideas of Spiritualists concerning spirit are a direct consequence of the anthropomorphic conceptions of Christians as to the Deity. So directly is the one the outflow of the other, that “Scrutator’s” handiest argument against the duality of a child and potential immortality is to cite “Jesus who increased in wisdom as his brain increased.”

Christians call God an Infinite Being, and then endow Him with every finite attribute, such as love, anger, benevolence, mercy!

- They call Him All-Merciful, and preach eternal damnation for three-fourths of humanity in every church;
- All-Just, and the sins of this brief span of life may not be expiated by even an eternity of conscious agony.

Now, by some miracle of oversight, among thousands of mistranslations in the “Holy” Writ, the word “destruction,” the synonym of annihilation, was rendered correctly in the King James’ version, and no dictionary can make it read either damnation, or eternal torment. Though the Church [334] consistently put down the “destructionists,” yet the impartial will scarcely deny that they come nearer than their persecutors to believing what Jesus taught and what is consistent with justice, in teaching the final annihilation of the wicked.

**Spirit is abstract light, uncreated, latent in every atom, in whose profound and sacred repose all motion must cease for ever.<sup>1</sup>**

**Spirit is a ray, a fraction of the Whole; and the Whole being Omniscient and Infinite, its fraction must partake, in degree, of the same abstract attributes.**

To conclude, then, we believe that there is but one indefinable principle in the whole universe, which being utterly incomprehensible by our finite intellects, we prefer rather to leave undebated, than to blaspheme its majesty with our anthropomorphic speculations. We believe that all else which has being, whether material or spiritual, and all that may have existence, actually or potentially in our idealism, emanates from this principle. That everything is a correlation in one shape or another of this Will and Force; and hence, judging of the unseen by the visible, we base our speculations upon the teachings of the generations of sages who preceded Christianity, fortified by our own reason.

**A stone becomes a plant, a plant an animal, an animal a man, and man a spirit.**

**The critics of Theosophy refuse to comprehend the philosophical doctrine that every atom is imbued with Divine Light. It is only when this atom, magnetically drawn to its fellow atoms, that is transformed at last, after endless cycles of evolution, into Man — the crown of intellectual and physical evolution on earth.**

I have already illustrated the incapacity of some of our critics to separate abstract ideas from complex objects, by instancing the grain of sand and the nail-paring. They refuse to comprehend that a philosophical doctrine can teach that an atom imbued with divine light, or a portion of the great Spirit, in its latent stage of correlation, may, notwithstanding its reciprocal or corresponding similarity and relations to the one indivisible whole, be yet utterly deficient in self-consciousness. That it is only when this atom, magnetically drawn to its fellow atoms, which had served in a previous state to form with it some lower complex object, is transformed at last, after endless cycles of evolution, into MAN — the apex of perfected being, intellectually and physically, on our planet — in conjunction with them becomes, as a whole, a living soul, and reaches the state of intellectual self-consciousness. “A stone becomes a plant, a plant an animal, an animal a man, and man a spirit,” say the Kabbalists. And here again, is the wretched necessity of translating by the word “spirit” an expression which means a celestial, or rather ethereal, transparent man — something diametrically opposite to the man of matter, yet a man. But if man is the crown of evolution on earth, what is he in the initiatory stages of the next existences — that man who, [335] at his best, even when he is pretended to have served as a habitation

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<sup>1</sup> Cf. *Isis Unveiled*, I, p. 289

for the Christian God, Jesus, is said by Paul to have been “made a little lower than the angels”? But now we have every astral spook transformed into an “angel”! I cannot believe that the scholars who write for your paper — and there are some of great intelligence and erudition who think for themselves; and whom exact science has taught that *ex nihilo nihil fit*,<sup>1</sup> who know that every atom of man’s body has been evolving by imperceptible gradations, from lower into higher forms, through the cycles — accept the unscientific and illogical doctrine that the simple unshelling of an astral man transforms him into a celestial spirit and “angel” guide.

In Theosophical opinion a spirit is a ray, a fraction of the whole; and the Whole being Omniscient and Infinite, its fraction must partake, in degree, of the same abstract attributes. Man’s “spirit” must become the drop of the ocean, called “Īśvara-Bhava” — the “I am one body, together with the universe itself” (I am in my Father, and my Father is in me), instead of remaining but the “Jīva-Bhava,” the body only. He must feel himself not only a part of the Creator, Preserver and Destroyer, but of the soul of the three, the Parabrahman, who is above these, and is the vitalizing, energizing, and ever-presiding Spirit. He must fully realize the sense of the word “Sahajānanda,” that state of perfect bliss in Nirvāna, which can only exist for the It, which has become co-existent with the “formless and actionless present time.” This is the state called “Vartamana,” or the “Ever Still Present,” in which there is neither past nor future, but one infinite eternity of present. Which of the controlling “spirits,” materialized or invisible, have shown any signs that they belong to the kind of real spirits known as the “Sons of Eternity”? Has the highest of them been able to tell even as much as our own Divine *Nous* can whisper to us in moments when there comes the flash of sudden prevision? Honest communicating “intelligences” often answer to many questions: “We do not know; this has not been revealed to us.” This very admission proves that, while in many cases on their way to knowledge and perfection, yet [336] they are but embryonic, undeveloped “spirits”; they are inferior even to some living Yogīs who, through abstract meditation, have united themselves with their personal individual Brahmā, their Ātman, and hence have overcome the “Ajñāna,” or lack of that knowledge as to the intrinsic value of one’s “self,” the *Ego*, or self-being, so recommended by Socrates and the Delphic commandment.

London has been often visited by highly intellectual, educated Hindus. I have not heard of any one professing a belief in “materialized spirits” — as spirits. When not tainted with Materialism, through demoralizing association with Europeans, and when free from superstitious sectarianism, how would one of them, versed in the Vedānta, regard these apparitions of the circle? The chances are that, after going the rounds of the mediums, he would say:

Some of these may be survivals of disembodied men’s intelligences, but they are no more spiritual than the average man. They lack the knowledge of “Dhyānānda,” and evidently find themselves in a chronic state of “Māyā,” *i.e.*, possessed of the idea that “they are that which they are not.” The “Vartamana” has no significance for them, as they are cognizant but of the “Vishama” [that which, like the concrete numbers in mixed mathematics, applies to that which

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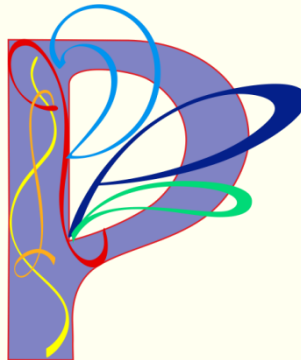
<sup>1</sup> [Nothing comes from nothing]

can be numbered]. Like simple, ignorant mortals, they regard the shadow of things as the reality, and *vice versa*, mixing up the true light of the “Vyatireka” with the false light or deceitful appearance — the “Anvaya.” . . . In what respect, then, are they higher than the average mortal? No; they are not spirits, not “Devas,” . . . they are astral “Dasyus.”

Of course, all this will appear to “Scrutator” “unfathomable absurdities,” for, unfortunately, few metaphysicians shower down from Western skies. Therefore, so long as our English opponents will remain in their semi-Christian ideas, and not only ignore the old philosophy, but the very terms it employs to render abstract ideas; so long as we are forced to transmit these ideas in a general way — particularly being impracticable without the invention of special words — it will be unprofitable to push discussion to any great length. We would only make ourselves obnoxious to the general [337] reader, and receive from other anonymous writers such unconvincing compliments as “Scrutator” has favoured us with.

H.P. BLAVATSKY

New York, March 7<sup>th</sup>, 1878



## Madame Blavatsky's second letter to "The Spiritualist."

First published in *The Spiritualist*, London, March 21<sup>st</sup>, 1879, p. 141. Republished in *Blavatsky Collected Writings*, (MADAME BLAVATSKY) II p. 30.

Sir,

If my memory has not altogether evaporated under the combined influences of this blazing Indian sun, and the frequent misconstructions of your correspondents, there occurred, in March, 1878, an epistolary skirmish between one who prudently conceals his face behind the two masks of "Scrutator" and "M.A. (Cantab.)," and your humble servant. He again attacks me in the character of my London Nemesis. Again he lets fly a Parthian shaft from behind the fence of one of his pseudonyms. Again he has found a mare's nest in my garden — a chronological, instead of a metaphysical, one this time. He is exercised about my age, as though the value of my statements would be in the least affected by either rejuvenating me to infancy, or aging me into a double centenarian.

He has read, in the *Revue Spirite* for October last, a sentence in which, discussing this very point, I say that I have not passed *thirty* years in India, and that:

*«C'est justement mon âge — quoique fort respectable tel qu'il est — qui s'oppose violemment à cette chronologie, etc.»*

I reproduce the sentence exactly as it appears, with the sole exception of restoring the period after "*l'Inde*" in place of the comma, which is simply a typographical mistake. The capital C which immediately follows would have conveyed to anyone except a "Scrutator" my exact meaning, viz., that my age itself, *however respectable*, is opposed to the idea that I had passed thirty years in India.

I do hope that my ever-masked assailant will devote some leisure to the study of French as well as of punctuation before he attacks again.

H.P. BLAVATSKY

Bombay, February, 1879





## Suggested reading for students.



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- ARCHAIC THEOSOPHY IS PRE-BUDDHIST WISDOM-RELIGION
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- HUMANITY SEEMS TO PROGRESS BY INVENTING ONE DISCOVERY AFTER THE OTHER
- IMPORT AND POTENCY OF NUMBERS AS SYMBOLS
- IN THE EARLY DAYS OF THE THEOSOPHICAL MOVEMENT
- ISIS UNVEILED IS THE MAJESTY OF TRUTH UNVEILED
- JUDGE AND DE ZIRKOFF ON GEORGE MEAD
- JUDGE ON THE HEART DOCTRINE
- JUDGE ON THE THEOSOPHICAL MOVEMENT
- JUDGE ON THE TRUE THEOSOPHIST'S PATH
- JUDGE ON THEOSOPHICAL STUDY AND WORK
- KEYS TO THE MYSTERY LANGUAGE
- LET THE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY PERISH, THAN FORSAKE THE CAUSE OF TRUTH
- MYSTERY IS NOT UNREVEALED KNOWLEDGE
- OCCULT TRUTH IS NATURE WITHOUT THE ILLUSORY VEIL OF THE SENSES
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- THAT WHICH IS FALSE CAN ONLY BE KNOWN BY TRUTH
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- THE CHALDEAN ORACLES OF ZOROASTER
- THE CROWN JEWELS OF THEOSOPHY (PHOTO ALBUM)
- THE POWER OF THE TRINITY OF KOSMOS MANIFESTS THROUGH THE FOUR PRINCIPLES OF MAN
- THE REVIVAL OF EASTERN OCCULT PHILOSOPHY
- THE SUN OF TRUTH FEARS NO LIGHT AND NEEDS NO LIES
- THE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY IS NOT A NURSERY FOR BUDDING ADEPTS
- THEORETICAL AND PRACTICAL ARCANE TERMS
- THEOSOPHIA - FOUNTAIN, PERSPECTIVES, PRACTICE (DRAWING)
- THEOSOPHIA: INNER WISDOM
- THEOSOPHICAL MOVEMENT, THE GREAT MORAL BUT SILENT FORCE
- THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY - ESOTERIC SECTION (LETTERHEAD)
- THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY - MISSION AND FUTURE
- THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY - MONOGRAM 1 (LOGOTYPE)
- THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY - MONOGRAM 2 (LOGOTYPE)
- THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY - OBJECTS AND EARLY ACCOMPLISHMENTS
- THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY - SEAL 1 (LOGOTYPE)
- THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY - SEAL 2 (LOGOTYPE)
- THEOSOPHICAL SYMBOLS (TRUE TYPE FONT)
- THEOSOPHIST IS WHO THEOSOPHY DOES
- THEOSOPHISTS DEFINED ATTITUDINALLY, ETHICALLY, PHILOSOPHICALLY (DRAWING)
- THEOSOPHY AND THEOSOPHISTS
- THEOSOPHY BRINGS THE WISDOM OF LOVE BEFORE THE EYE OF THE SOUL
- THEOSOPHY IS DEEPER MONISM THAN SECULARISM, AND MORE PHILOSOPHICAL
- THEOSOPHY IS RELIGION ITSELF AND SUBLIME CODE OF ETHICS
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- WHAT SORT OF MAN THE REAL PHILOSOPHER SHOULD BE?
- WHEN PURE LOVE IS PERVERTED, HUMANITY QUIVERS
- WHO CAN MEND THE BROKEN SOCIETY?
- WHO CAN READ THE RIDDLE OF THE SERPENT?
- WHO SHOULD BE INVITED TO THEOSOPHICAL MEETINGS?
- WHY A BRAHMIN ABANDONED HIS CASTE
- WHY PAGAN SYMBOLISM IS INDESTRUCTIBLE?
- WILDER ON THE WISDOM RELIGION OF ZOROASTER





**Atomon or Atmeton, are the Greek words for Indivisible.<sup>1</sup>**

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<sup>1</sup> The Atom may be described as a compact or crystallized point of Divine Energy and Ideation. Molecule is an imprisoned force: it exists periodically and, being divisible, is regarded as illusion. Monas is the Pythagorean name for Hermetic Fire, the quintessence of Life. — ED. PHIL.